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TURKEY.

Report from Constantinople—Plague at Jiddah.

The following information is received from the Department of State, under date of February 3:

A cablegram received from the vice-consul-general at Constantinople reads: "Some cases of plague are reported at Jiddah."

Report from Smyrna—Endemic diseases in city and vicinity.

Assistant Surgeon Wollenberg at Naples forwards the following information, January 18, received from Consul-General Harris under date of January 5:

"Favus, trachoma, and leprosy are practically endemic diseases in Smyrna. Smallpox is perhaps the most common disease, especially in the interior of the country, where no precautions are taken. At the present moment it is rife among the lower classes in Smyrna, but despite the efforts of the authorities, the majority of the population refuse to submit to vaccination, although it is done free of charge."

FOREIGN AND INSULAR STATISTICAL REPORTS OF COUNTRIES AND
CITIES—UNTABULATED.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY—*Budapest*.—Two weeks ended January 2, 1909. Estimated population, 804,200. Total number of deaths not reported. Deaths included enteric fever 4, scarlet fever 13, diphtheria 4, and 12 from measles.

CUBA—*Matanzas*.—Three weeks ended January 20, 1909. Estimated population, 35,515. Total number of deaths, 36, including 7 from tuberculosis.

GREAT BRITAIN—*England and Wales*.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended January 16, 1909, correspond to an annual rate of 16.6 per 1,000 population, which is estimated at 16,234,952.

London.—One thousand five hundred and sixty-three deaths were registered during the week, including measles 79, scarlet fever 11, diphtheria 14, enteric fever 8, whooping cough 8, tuberculosis 128, and 22 from diarrhea. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 16.9 per 1,000. In greater London 2,208 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 3 from measles, 6 from diphtheria, scarlet fever 3, and 3 from whooping cough.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended January 16, 1909, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 21.4 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,131,959. The lowest rate was recorded in Dundalk, viz, 8.0, and the highest in Kilkenny, viz, 49.1 per 1,000.